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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/716,886	11/19/2003	Takaaki Toyooka	1027-DIV-02	9867
35811	7590	07/12/2005	EXAMINER	
IP GROUP OF DLA PIPER RUDNICK GRAY CARY US LLP 1650 MARKET ST SUITE 4900 PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103			YEE, DEBORAH	
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1742	

DATE MAILED: 07/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/716,886	TAKAAKI TOYOOKA
Examiner	Art Unit	
Deborah Yee	1742	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**.                            2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) Claim(s) 5 and 6 is/are pending in the application.
  - 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 5-6 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 19 November 2003 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:
    1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 10/048,322.
    3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11-19-03.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

## DETAILED ACTION

### ***Double Patenting***

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 4, 11, and 13 to 20 of U.S. Patent No. 6,331216. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because patent '216 discloses an analogous steel pipe processed in substantially the same manner as claimed in pending application. Note that US Patent '216 process disclose a steel pipe stock (includes seam welded pipe) subjected to heating and reduce rolling at (Ac1+50) to 400C which overlaps claimed range of (Ac1-50C) to Ac1 at reduction of 60% and is within claimed reduction range of not less than 30%. Moreover, patented process uses a steel alloy containing not more than 0.60%C-0.2 to 1.3%Mn - 0.01 to 3.0% Si which overlap those recited by pending claim 5. Note that the overlap in temperature and alloy ranges establishes a *prima facie* case of obviousness because it would obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

Art Unit: 1742

art to select the claimed ranges from the broader disclosure of the patented claims since the patented claims have similar utility and properties, see MPEP2144.05.

3. Moreover, US Patent '216 on lines 25 to 32 of column 8 discloses forming welded pipe by electric resistance welding and hence meet the process limitation of claim 6.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claim 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 6,331,216 (Toyooka et al), or European patent 924312 or Japanese patent 2000-096143.

6. US Patent '216 in claims 4,11, and 13 to 20 of columns 29-30, EP'312 in claims 1,8,9 and 16 on pages 43 and 44, and JP'143 in English abstract, each discloses an analogous steel alloy welded pipe subjected to heating and diameter reducing at a temperature range that overlaps with (Ac1-50C) to Ac1 recited by the claim with a cumulative reduction of diameter of 30% or more. Also prior art alloy contains C, Si and Mn in wt% ranges that overlap those recited by claim 5. Note that the overlap in temperature and alloy ranges establishes a *prima facie* case of obviousness because it would obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select the claimed ranges from the

broader disclosure of the patented claims since the patented claims have similar utility and properties, see MPEP2144.05.

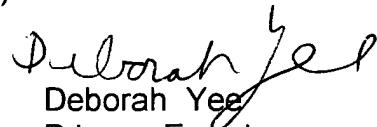
7. Moreover, prior art pipe can be made by electric resistance welding process as recited by claim 6. See machine English translation of JP'143, paragraph 9 on page 2; US Patent '216, lines 25 to 32 of column 8; and EP '312, paragraph 73 on page 11.

8. Also more specifically, note EP'312 discloses welded steel pipe examples in Tables 14 to 17 on pages 37 to 42 which meet the claimed composition, and appear to be heated and reduced closely within the claimed temperature range of (Ac1-50C) to Ac1 but it is uncertain since Ac1 temperature is not disclosed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah Yee whose telephone number is 571-272-1253. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 6:00 to 2:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy King can be reached on 571-272-1244. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

  
Deborah Yee  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 1742

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